

Managing GHG Emissions

(Measure to Manage)

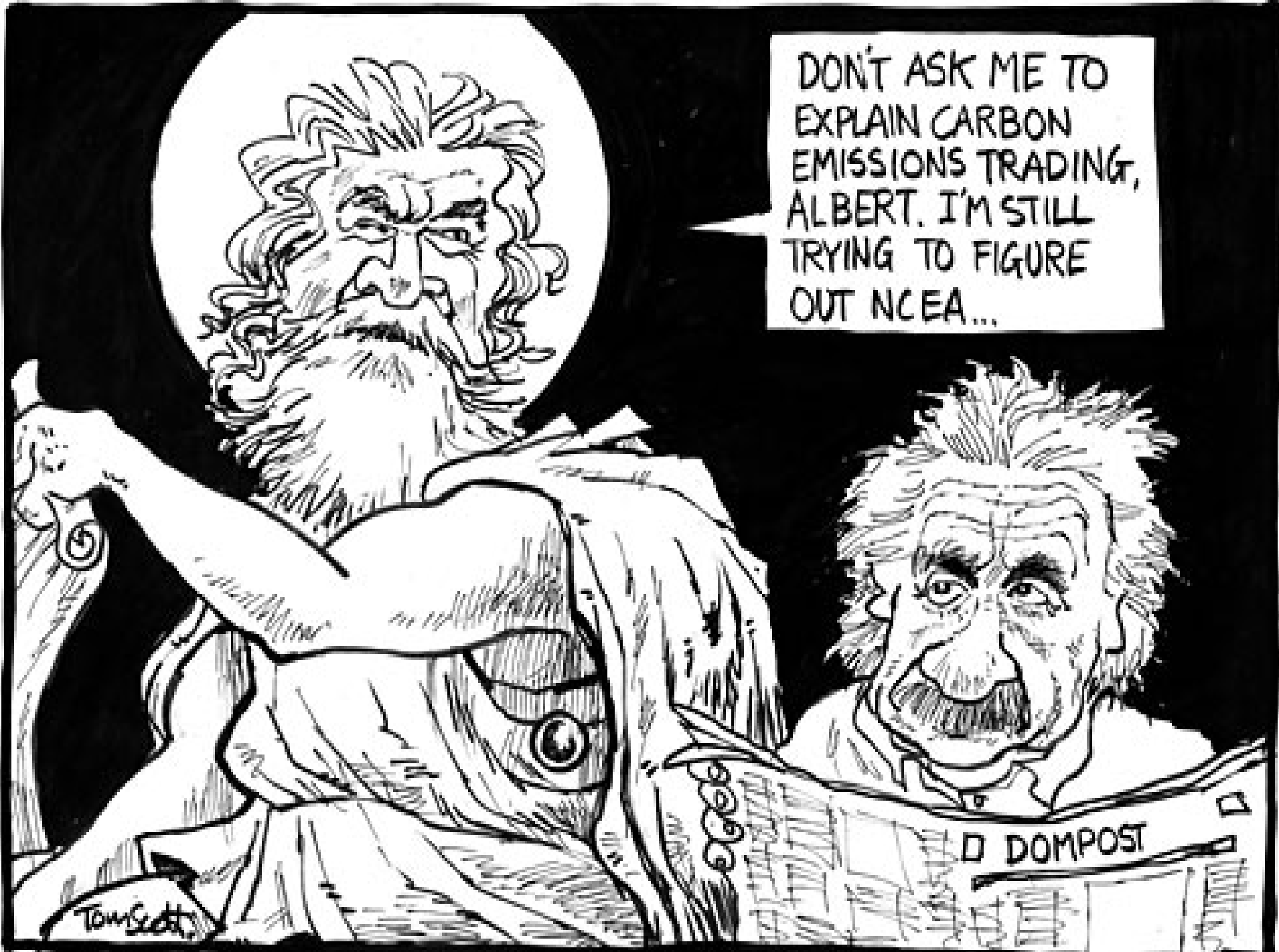
DG Butler
Alliance Group Ltd



Topics

- Introduction to emissions trading scheme ETS
- AGL's environment programme EMS
- Emissions profile since 2000 EP
- Utility key performance indicators KPI
- Energy efficiency & conservation EEC
- Where to next? XYZ





DON'T ASK ME TO
EXPLAIN CARBON
EMISSIONS TRADING,
ALBERT. I'M STILL
TRYING TO FIGURE
OUT NCEA...

DOMPOST

Tom Scott

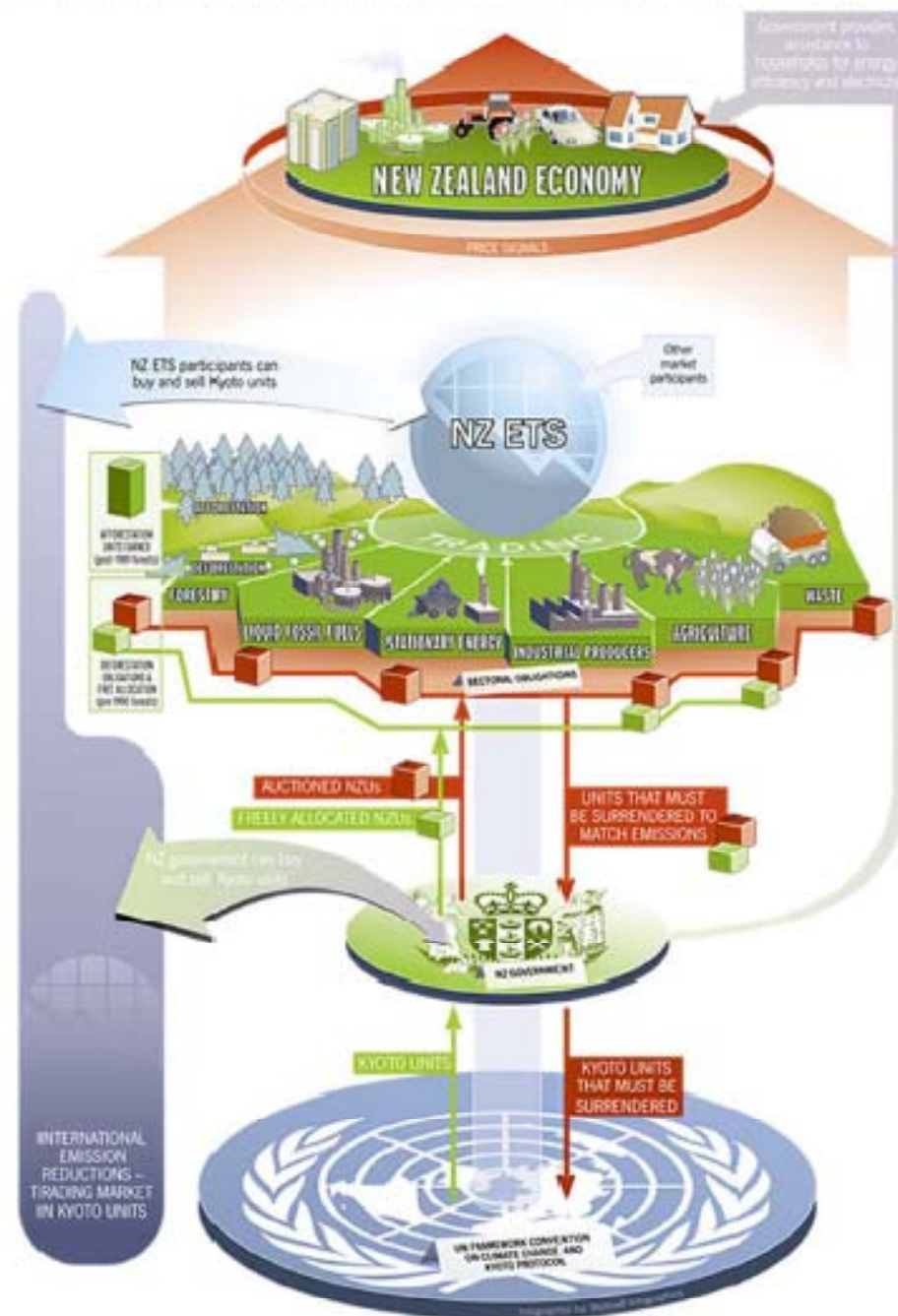
Kyoto Speak

- Carbon footprints
- Carbon neutral
- Food Miles
- Carbon labelling
- Emissions trading
- EF+
- Sustainability
- Carbon tax
- AAUs, CERs, RMUs
- CP1, CP2
- Points of Obligation
- Pricing Carbon
- LCA
- NZ Units
- Participants
- Free Allocation



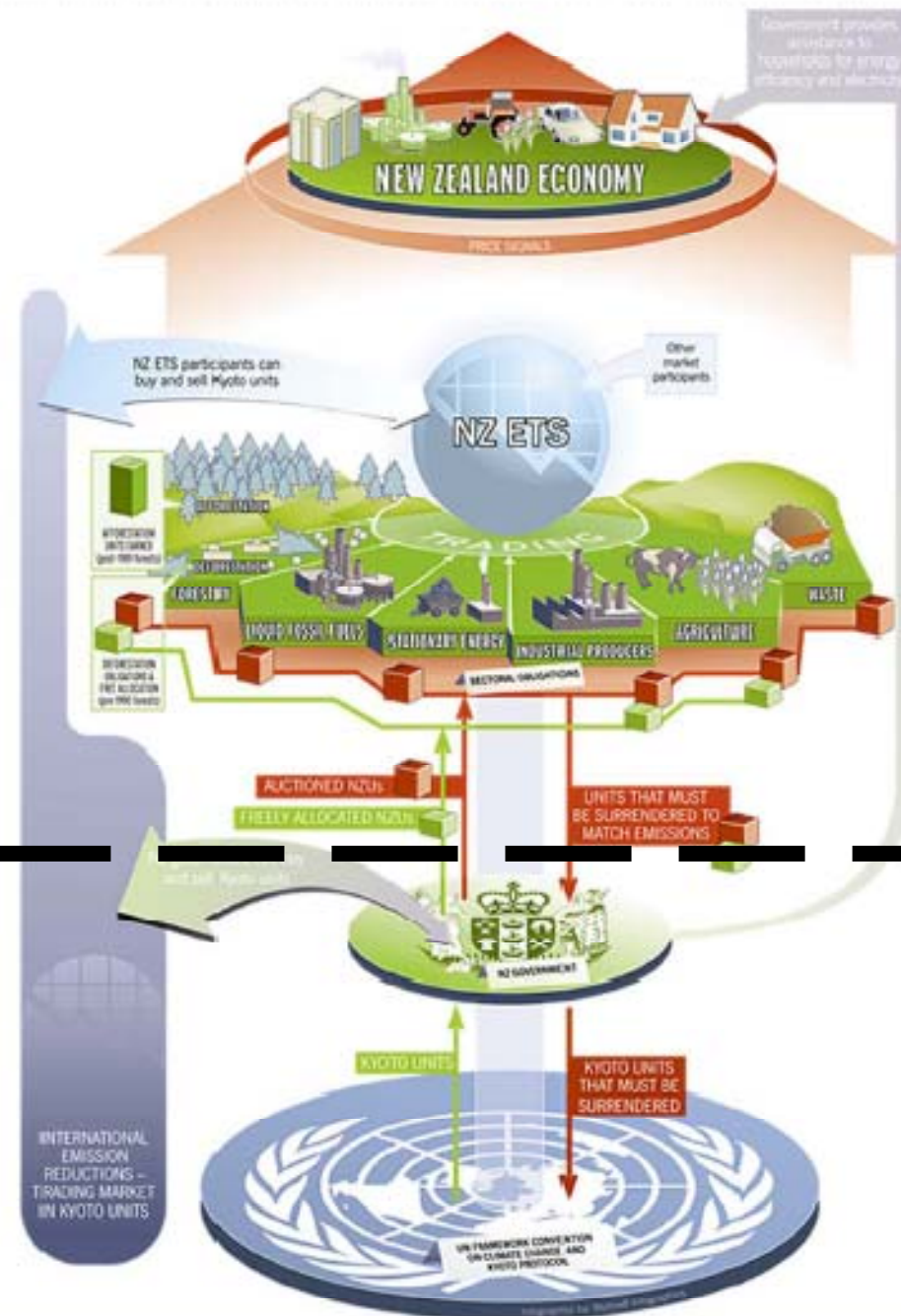
NZ Government





DOMESTIC

INTERNATIONAL

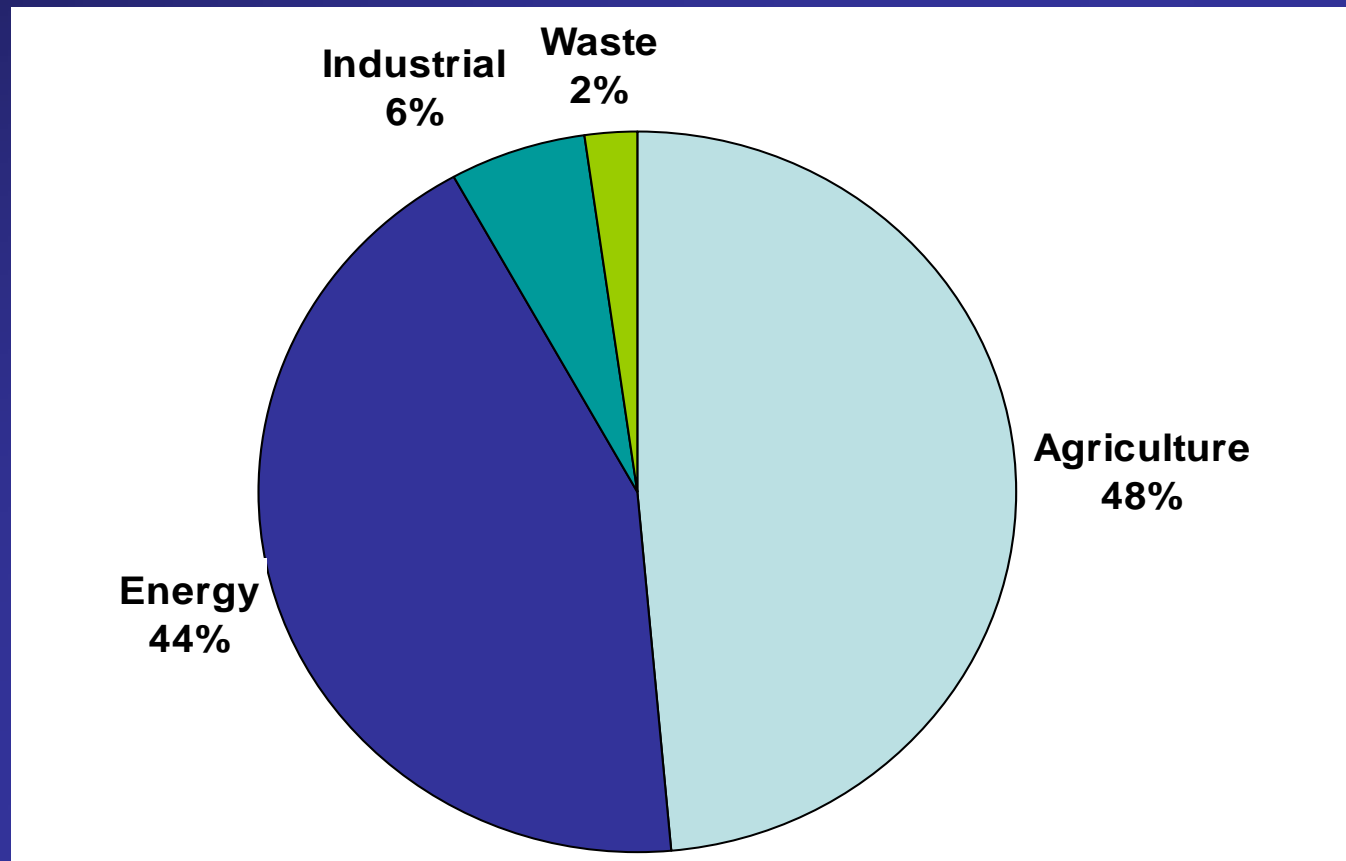


NZ and Agriculture

- NZ is 0.2% of global emissions (of Kyoto countries)
- Agriculture is 49% of NZ total emissions
 - Livestock emissions
 - methane
 - nitrous oxide
- Processing industry
 - carbon dioxide from electricity and fuels



NZ Greenhouse Gases by Sector in 2005



'NZ Meat Inc.'

Industrial Processes Sector

- 1 July 2010 - Electricity and fuel price increases.
- Meat (and milk) processing are not 'energy intensive' enough to qualify for free allocation of NZ Units.
- 'Protein meal production' may be EITE. Free allocation of NZUs

Agriculture Sector

- NZ Meat: 22 million tonnes @ \$30/t = \$660m p.a.*
- Meat Processors are Participants in ETS. Not farmers.
- Emissions factors for livestock set in regulations
- 1 Jan 2011 – Voluntary reporting

*NB. Without transitional assistance by Free Allocation of Units



AGL Environmental Programme

- Systems based
 - ISO 14001 - EMS
 - **Enviro-Mark®NZ – Diamond**
- Pollution Prevention
- Resource Use and Process Efficiencies
- Climate Change Issues



AGL CO₂ Emissions from Processing Energy Use

Nine Season Review (2000-2009)

- Total emissions (tonnes CO₂) reduced by 10%
- Production (Meat Equivalents) increased 20%

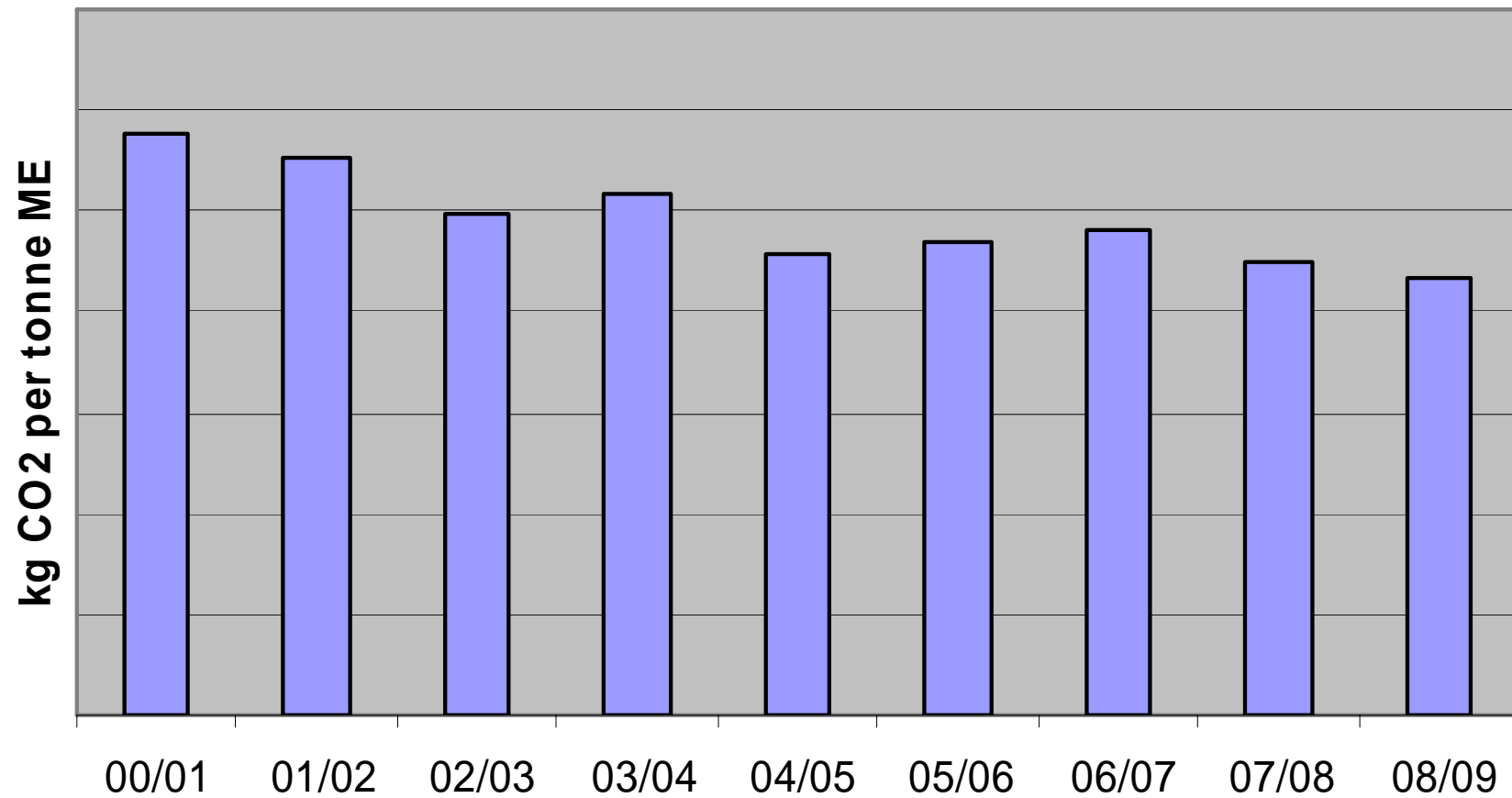
Combined:

- Emission rate (kg CO₂ / t ME) reduced by 25% this decade



AGL CO2 Emissions from Processing Energy Use

AGL CO2 Emissions Rate: 00/01 - 08/09



Resource and Process Efficiency

Utilities Key Performance Indicator (KPI) weekly reporting

- Electricity: GJ / t EFW
 - Fuel: GJ / t FAP
 - Water: L per SU
 - GHG emissions: t CO₂-e / t ME
-
- Presented to each plant as weekly, monthly, year to date, and annual trends
 - Targets set and monitored at each plant



KPI Report for the week ending

Sat 24 Apr-10



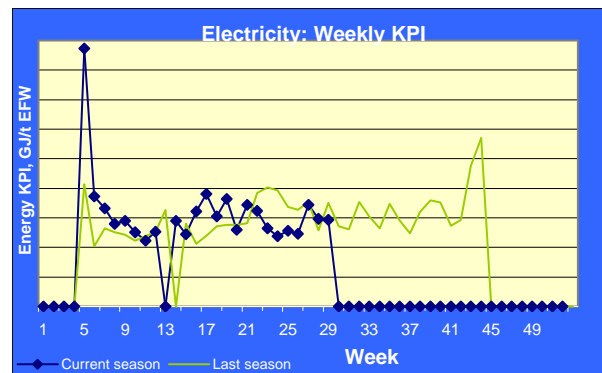
Alliance Group Limited

Smithfield

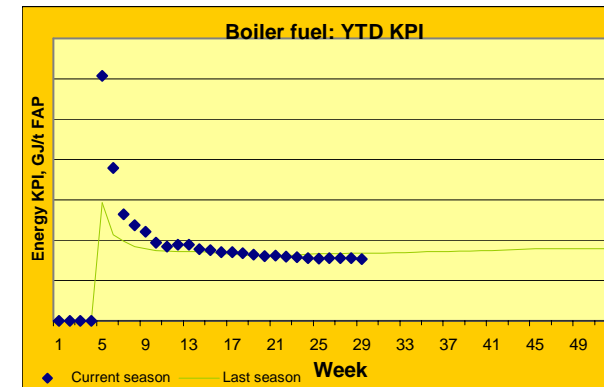
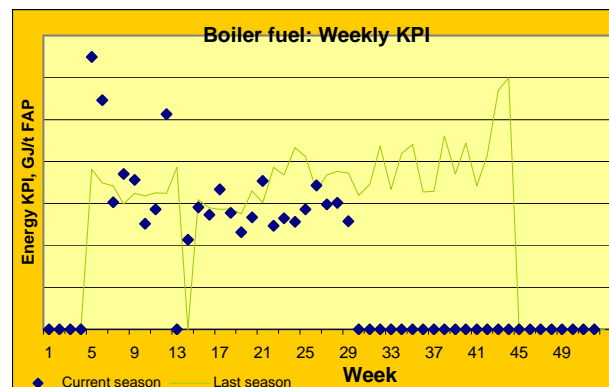
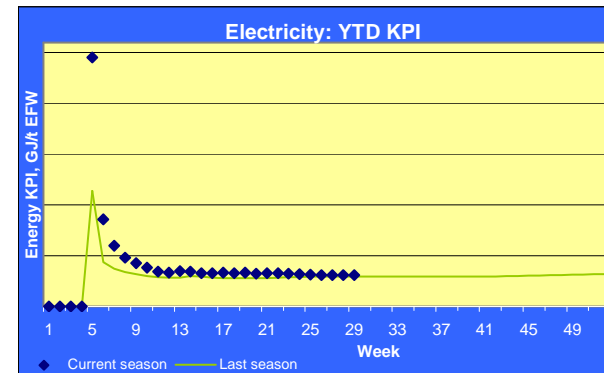
Utility	YTD KPI	Status	Trend
Electricity (GJ/tonne EFW)	3.10	😊	↓
Fuel (GJ/tonne FAP)	3.07	😊	↓
Water (litres/le su)	567	😊	↓

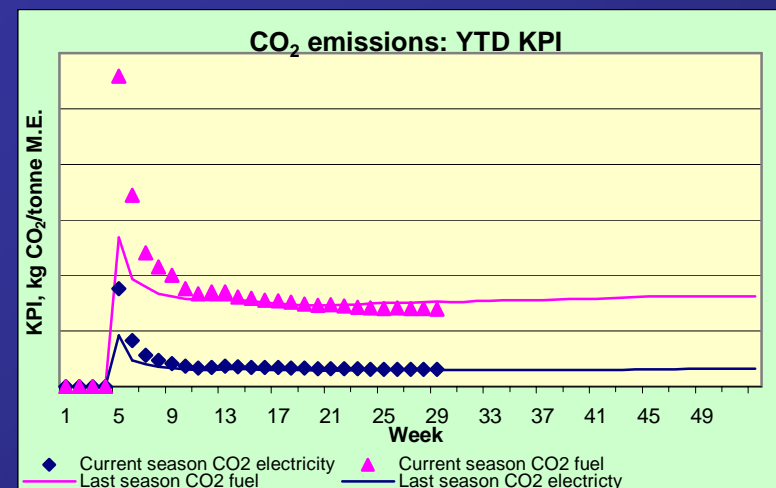
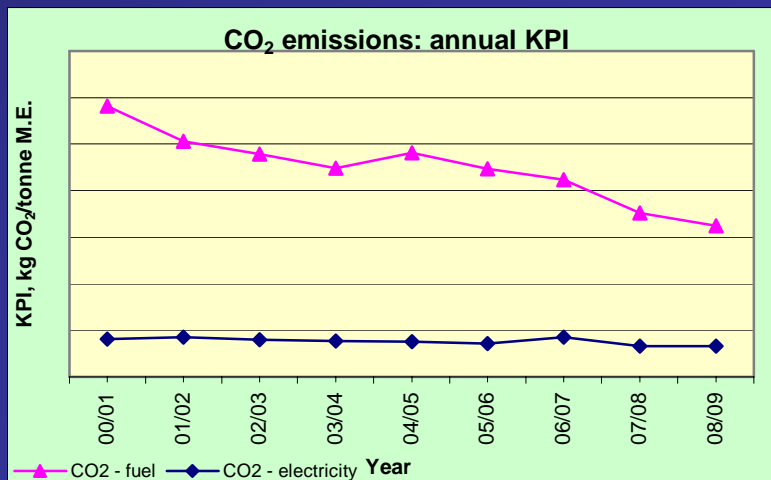
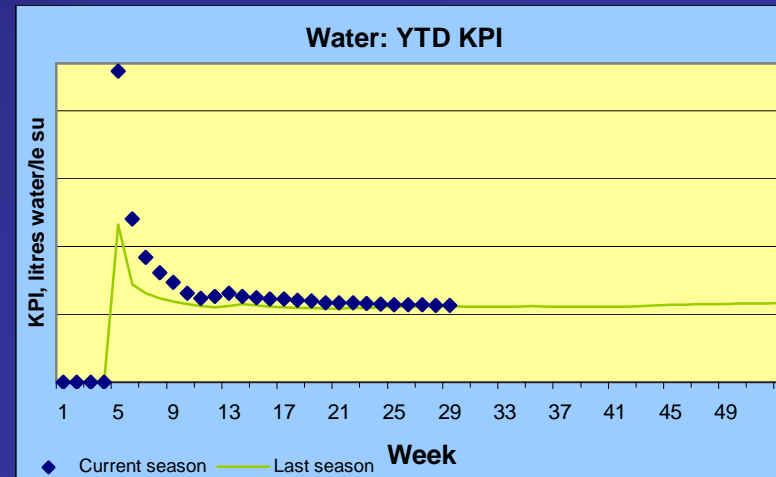
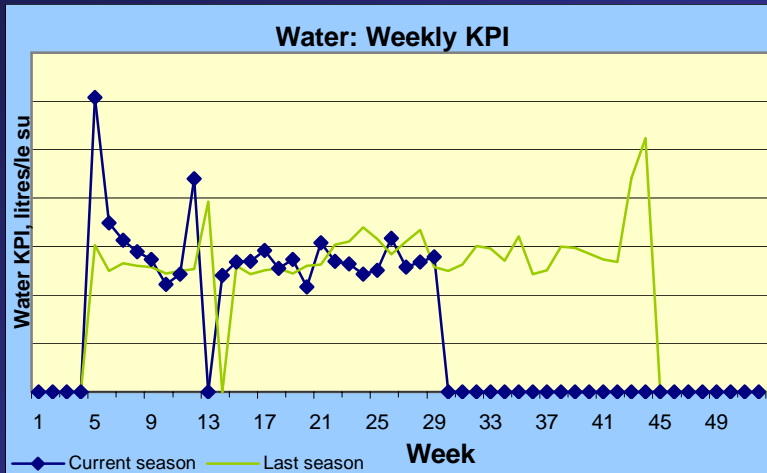
- 😊 Below target KPI
- ☹ Above target KPI
- ↓ KPI lower than last week
- ↑ KPI higher than last week

Weekly



Year to date





Energy Projects

EECA Audits – Level 3

- Implementing recommendations
- \$1.3m project costs for \$1.4m p.a. savings

Refrigeration Projects

- \$7.2m costs for \$3.9m p.a. savings

Process Reviews

GHG Footprints



Protein Meal Production

- Qualifying for free allocation of NZ Units as EITE industrial process.
- All renderers provided energy, production and revenue data for three financial years.
- Govt assessing NZ average emissions intensity and may set allocative baseline. (Ave t CO₂/t MBM)
- Renderers able to apply for NZ Units per tonne of MBM.
- Partial compensation for increased energy costs.



Where to Next?

- Inter-plant comparisons
- Capital development programme
- Processing logistics
- Off-setting energy cost increases due to NZETS
- Qualifying for free NZ Units from 'protein meal' production
- Linking to on-farm emissions monitoring
- NZ ETS – Agriculture
 - 1 Jan 2011 – Voluntary reporting
 - 1 Jan 2012 – Mandatory reporting
 - 1 Jan 2015 – Full participation
- First formal review of ETS during 2011





Thank You